



Vortechs
Technical Design Guide

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Introduction

The Vortechs system is a high-performance hydrodynamic separator that effectively removes total suspended solids, oil, floating and settleable debris.

The swirl concentration operation and flow controls work together to minimise turbulence and provide stable storage of captured pollutants.

A typical system is sized to suit a specific flow rate and provide a specific removal efficiency of a predefined particle size distribution (PSD).

Operational Overview

Stormwater enters the swirl chamber inducing a gentle swirling flow pattern and enhancing gravitational separation.

Sinking pollutants stay in the swirl chamber while floatables are stopped at the baffle wall.

Vortechs systems are usually sized to efficiently treat the frequently occurring runoff events and are primarily controlled by the low flow control orifice. This orifice effectively reduces inflow velocity and turbulence by inducing a slight backwater within the unit.

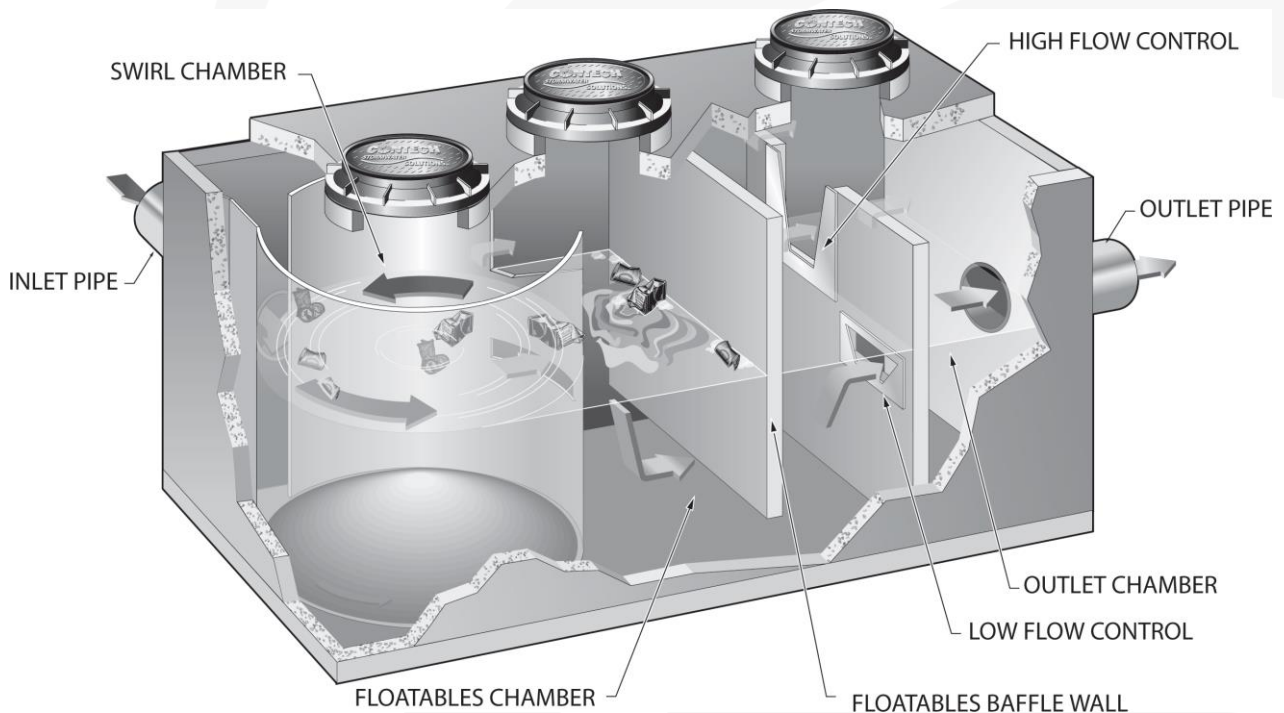


Figure 1: Vortech components

During larger storms, the water level rises above the low flow control orifice and begins to flow through the high flow control. Any layer of floating pollutants is elevated above the invert of the Floatables Baffle Wall, preventing release. Swirling action increases in relation to the storm intensity, while the sediment pile remains stable.

When the inflow is at peak capacity, the water surface in the system approaches the top of the high flow control.

The Vortechs system will be sized large enough so that previously captured pollutants are retained in the system, even during these infrequent events.

As a storm subsides, treated runoff decants out of the Vortechs system at a controlled rate, restoring the water level to a dry- weather level equal to the invert of the inlet pipe. The low water level facilitates easier inspection and cleaning, and significantly reduces maintenance costs by reducing pump-out volume.

Selection Process

For an end of line treatment system it is usual for the Treatable Flow Rate (TFR) to be based on the 3-month storm event flow rate. The majority of the pollutant load run-off is generated in more frequent low intensity storms and the high intensity storms contributed relatively little to the total annual volume. Sizing at the 3 month intensity statistically equates to over 95% of the annual flow volume. The higher treatable flow range in table 1 is used for selecting the Vortech in this situation.

When the VortCapture is part of a treatment train the TFR can be selected to complement or match the flow of the other treatment systems. Modelling of the treatment system using MUSIC is often required to determine the overall performance of the treatment train.

Vortechs systems are designed to achieve an 80% annual solids load reduction based on lab generated performance curves for the desired particle size, or a particle gradation found in typical urban runoff (see Vortech Performance Summary for more information). Treating at the lower flow range results in finer particle separation. The lower flow range in Table 1 is used for MUSIC modelling.

Vortech Model	Treatable Flow Rate Range (L/s)	Max Online Peak Flow (L/s)	Vortech Internal Dimensions (m)	Sediment Storage Capacity (m3)
1000	16.7 – 27.8	45.3	0.9 x 2.7	0.5
2000	28.3 – 48.1	79.3	1.2 x 3.0	0.9
3000	48.1 – 76.5	127.4	1.5 x 3.4	1.4
4000	62.3 – 104.8	169.9	1.8 x 3.7	1.8
5000	87.8 – 147.2	240.7	2.1 x 4.0	2.4
7000	116.1 – 189.7	311.5	2.4 x 4.3	3.1
9000	147.2 – 240.7	396.4	2.7 x 4.6	3.7
11000	184.1 – 303.0	495.5	3.0 x 4.9	4.3
16000	263.3 – 433.2	707.9	3.7 x 5.5	5.4

Table 1: Available models

Once a system size is established, the internal elements of the system are designed based on information provided by the site engineer. Flow control sizes and shapes, sump depth, oil spill storage capacity, sediment storage volume and inlet and outlet orientation are determined for each system.

Each Vortechs system is custom designed based on site specifics such as flow rate, pipe size, levels, HGL and anticipated pollutant characteristics. When appropriate these calculations are checked by Ocean Protect engineers when issuing the production drawing for sign off.

Bypass weir calculations are required for off-line systems. These should be done to suit the proposed diversion structure and proposed weir type.

Upstream Bypass Calculations

In some cases, pollutant removal goals can be met without treating the catchment peak flow rate and it is more feasible to use a smaller Vortechs system configured with an external bypass. In such cases, a bypass design consisting of an appropriate length diversion weir is recommended for each off-line system.

To calculate the bypass flow over the diversion weir, first subtract the Vortech max online peak flow from the catchment peak flow (pipe or culvert flow). The result is the flow rate that must be bypassed to avoid surcharging the Vortechs system.

Mass load consideration

The Vortechs is designed to capture and retain sediments and debris. The material that settles into the sump of the VortCapture needs to be periodically removed as per any other GPT. The sump capacity of each VortCapture model is listed in Table 1. The frequency of maintenance depends on the amount of material generated within the contributing catchment and then mobilised in storm events.

The model selection process should consider the amount of anticipated pollution load and the subsequent frequency of maintenance. Annual sediment loads have been documented and can vary from 400 to 900 kg/ha/yr for Urban, Industrial and Commercial catchments. The density can also vary from 1.3 to 2.0 Tonne/m³ depending on the mix of organic, litter and sediment.

For assistance with selecting an appropriate VortCapture for your project or for additional dimensional or hydraulic information please contact the engineering department of Ocean Protect.

Performance

Full Scale Laboratory Test Results

Laboratory testing was conducted on a full scale Vortechs model 2000.

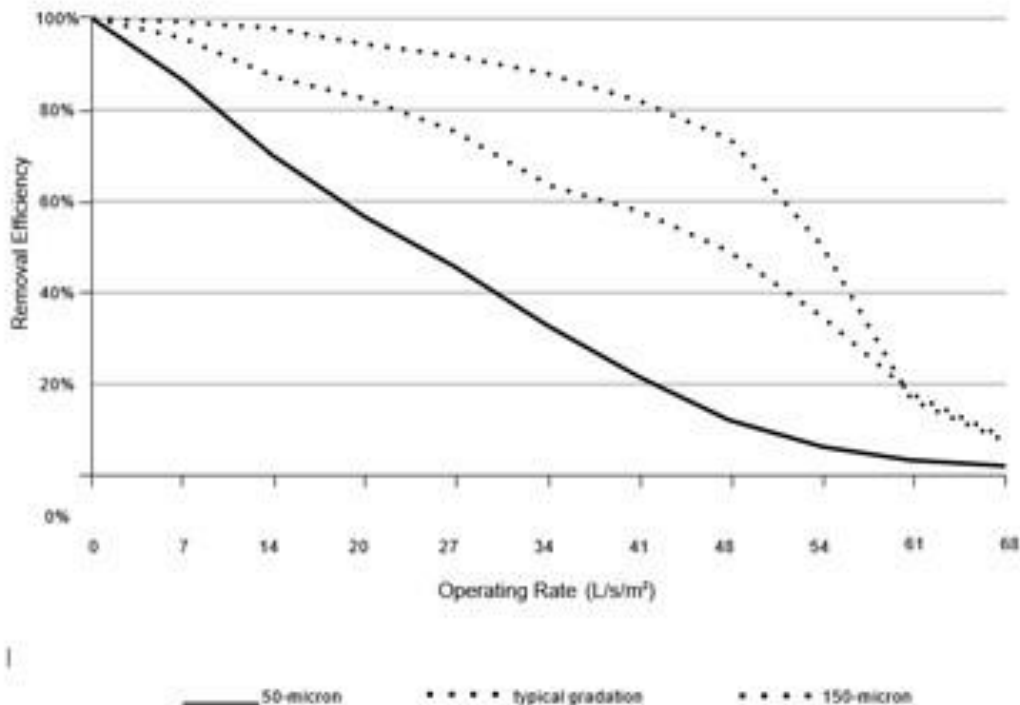


Figure 1: Vortechs 2000 removal efficiencies

Vortechs systems are designed to treat peak flows from 45-L/s up to 708-L/s online without the need for bypass. However, external bypasses can be configured to convey peak flows around the system if treatment capacity is exceeded. The system can also be configured to direct low flows from the last chamber of the system to polishing treatment when more stringent water quality standards are imposed. In all configurations, high removal efficiencies are achieved during the lower intensity storms, which constitute the majority of annual rainfall volume.

- **Laboratory Testing** - Full reports available
- **Technical Bulletin 1:** Removal Efficiencies for Selected Particle Gradations
- **Technical Bulletin 2:** Particle Distribution of Sediments and the Effect on Heavy Metal Removal
- **Technical Bulletin 3:** Sizing for Net Annual Sediment Removal
- **Technical Bulletin 3a:** Determining Bypass Weir Elevation for Off- Line Systems
- **Technical Bulletin 4:** Modelling Long Term Load Reduction: The Rational Rainfall Method
- **Technical Bulletin 5:** Oil Removal Efficiency

Field Monitoring

- DeLorme Mapping Company Yarmouth, ME – VX11000, 1996
- Village Marine Drainage Lake George, NY – Division of Water, 2000
- Harding Township Rest Area Harding Township, NJ - Third party evaluation (USEPA) VX4000, 2000
- Timothy Edwards Middle School South Windsor, CT – VX5000, 1998

Maintenance

The table below outlines the primary types of maintenance activities that typically take place as part of an ongoing maintenance schedule for the Vortechs.

	Description of Typical Activities	Frequency
Minor Service	Visual inspection of swirl, floatables and outlet chambers Removal of large floatable pollutants Measuring of sediment depth	At 6 Months
Major Service	Removal of accumulated sediment and gross pollutants Inspection of the swirl chamber, baffle wall and outlet controls	At 12 Months

For further information please refer to the [Vortechs Operations and Maintenance Manual](#)

Support

- Drawings and specifications are available at www.oceanprotect.com.au
- Site-specific design support is available from our engineers.

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